

# MODULAR FUNDAMENTAL DOMAIN

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ABSTRACT. Drawings for the modular fundamental domain with METAPOST

## PREFACE

This note contains figures of the modular fundamental domain drawn with METAPOST.

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v1.0

## 1. THE MODULAR FUNDAMENTAL DOMAIN

In this note I will depict the *modular fundamental domain*  $\mathcal{D}$  of  $\mathbf{SL}(2, \mathbf{Z})$  operating on the Poincaré upper half plane  $\mathcal{H}$  drawn by METAPOST.

Recall that  $\mathcal{D} = \{x \in \mathcal{H} \mid |\operatorname{Re} x| \leq \frac{1}{2}, |x| \geq 1\}$  is the region delimited by the unit circle and the two straight lines thru  $-\frac{1}{2}$  and  $+\frac{1}{2}$ , see e.g. GUNNING [1, I, §2], LAMOTKE [2, 5.1.3], SERRE [3, VII, §1.2].

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{SL}(2, \mathbf{Z}) \times \mathcal{H} &\longrightarrow \mathcal{H} \\ (\gamma, x) &\longmapsto \gamma \cdot x\end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \cdot x = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$$

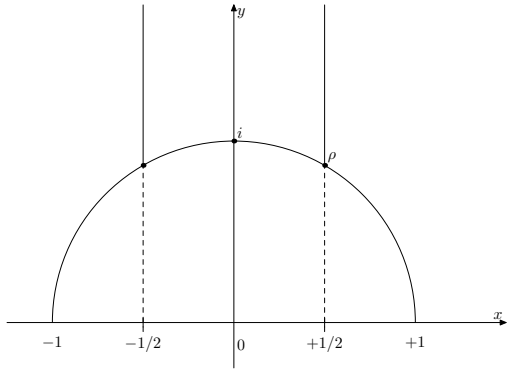
We note  $S = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , i.e.  $S \cdot x = -1/x$  and  $T \cdot x = x + 1$ .

$$\begin{aligned}ST &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} & (ST)^2 &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} & (ST)^3 &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ TS &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} & (TS)^2 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} & (TS)^3 &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

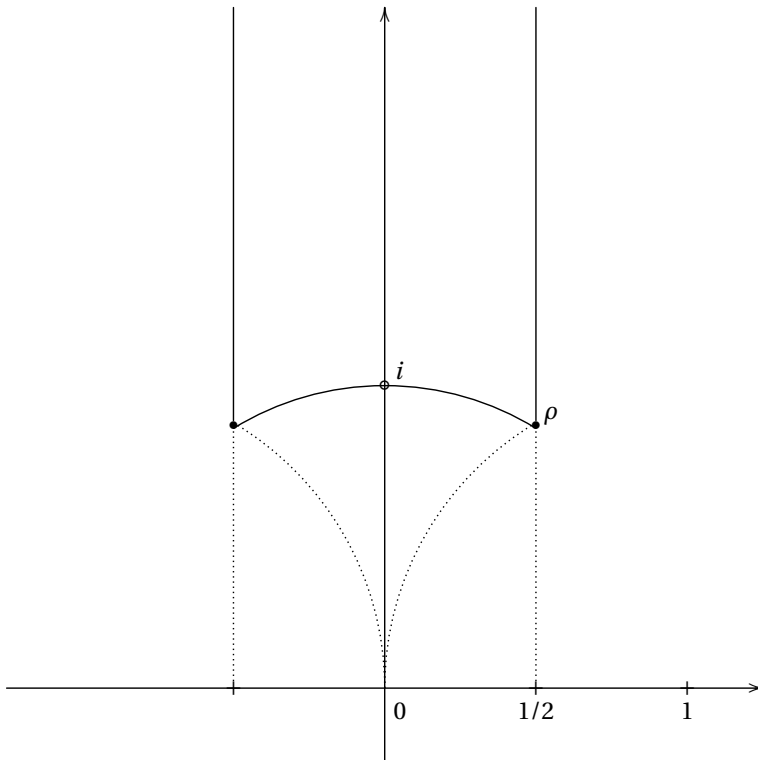
### 1.1. Drawing with METAPOST.

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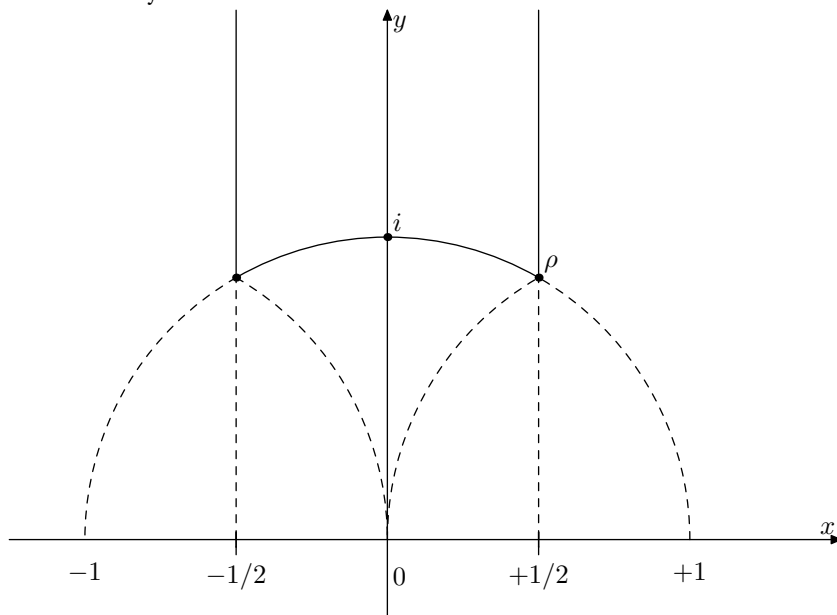
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*Key words and phrases*. modular fundamental domain, Poincaré upper half plane.



This is drawn with  $X_T$ :



...and this by METAPOST:



#### REFERENCES

- [1] Robert C. Gunning, *Lectures on Modular Forms*, Annals of Mathematics Studies, vol. 48, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1962.
- [2] Klaus Lamotke, *Riemannsche Flächen*, Springer, 2005.
- [3] Jean-Pierre Serre, *Cours d'arithmétique*, Presses Universitaires de France, Paris, 1970.